

Friday 27th March

Prefixes

Well done on all of your learning at home this week (you too adults!)? Today we've uploaded a couple of activities on prefixes...

Prefixes are placed before a 'root word' in order to change the meaning of the word. For example... the word "unhappy" consists of the prefix "un-" and the root word "happy". Easy right?!

Have a go at 'Worksheet A', and if you think you can handle it then try 'Worksheet B' as well! If you still fancy a further extension, then we've given you something to think about below...

Extension: If a prefix comes before a word, and changes the meaning, then what might a 'suffix' be? Can you think of any examples?

(A suffix is added to the end of a word instead! E.g... the word "started" consists of the root word "start" and the suffix "-ed", changing it to the past tense. Other common suffixes are "-ful", "-ing" and "-ly")