


<b>Vocabulary</b>	
<b>Archaeologist</b>	Person who learns about the past by digging up artefacts and studying them.
<b>Artefact</b>	An object made by a human being.
<b>Site</b>	An area of ground where a town, building or monument is built.
<b>Preserve</b>	To keep something in good condition
<b>Flint</b>	A type of stone that can be shaped into blades, knives and spears for hunting
<b>Settlement</b>	A place where a group of people live together in many buildings
<b>Homo Sapiens</b>	The type of human species today.
<b>BC and AD</b>	BC (Before Christ) – used to show a date that is before AD 1. AD (Anno Domini)– used to show a date that is after the year AD 1

<b>What we will be learning about?</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What does excavate mean?</li> <li>• What artefacts were used in the Stone Age</li> <li>• What the term pre-history means and key dates with the Stone Age</li> <li>• What are primary and secondary sources of evidence</li> <li>• How people from the Stone Age live and survive</li> <li>• The 3 different periods within the Stone Age</li> <li>• How life in the Bronze and Iron Age differ to the Stone Age</li> <li>• The changes in housing, weapons, food and clothing changed within these time periods</li> </ul>

<b>What should I already know?</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Stone Age was a very long time ago.</li> <li>• Stones were very important at that time.</li> <li>• People lived in caves and wore animal skins as clothes.</li> </ul>



**2. Important Time Periods**

**Stone Age** – When the first humans began to live in Europe. They used stones as tools.

**Iron Age** - Humans now used iron to make tools, and farmed land instead of hunting. They lived in communities.


**Bronze Age** - In this era, metals were used to make hunting tools. Humans also began to farm land.

**4. STONEHENGE ENGLAND**


-Stonehenge is a famous monument located in Wiltshire, England.  
-It is a circle of very large stones standing upright.  
-It was built in the Stone Age.  
-Nobody knows why it exists.  
Some believe it was built to learn about the movements of the sun and moon. Some believe it was a burial mound.

**5. Stone Age - Mesolithic Life and Neolithic Life**

13,000BC      4,500-3,500BC




People make cave paintings.




Farming starts and begins to spread.

**6. Bronze Age**


4,500-3,500BC      4,000-3,000BC      2,500BC



The first pottery is made and used.




People start to ride and use horses.




Metal starts to be used.


1,800BC      1,200-800BC      1,200-800BC



The first copper mines are dug.




Metal tools are made and used.




Tribe Kelts and Celtic culture.

**7. Iron Age**

800-700BC      700-500BC




The first hill forts are made.




Iron is used a bit more than before.

100BC      AD43



Coins are made and used for the first time.



The Romans invade Britain - Iron Age ends.

Links to other curriculum areas...

Art – Cave paintings

English – Stone Age Boy, instruction writing about a Stone Age item

Guided Reading – Stig of the Dump and The Great Cave